Online supplement to accompany Preacher, K. J., & Yaremych, H. E. (2023). Model selection in structural equation modeling. In Hoyle, R. H. (Ed.), Handbook of structural equation modeling (2nd ed.) (pp. 206-222). The Guilford Press.

	Version Reported Output														
		AIC	AICc	CAIC	BIC	ssBIC	SPBIC	HBIC	IBIC	BCC	CENT	ECVI	HQC	SIC	DIC
R packages															
lavaan	0.6-9	$\checkmark$	√**		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	√**	√**	√**			√*	√**	√**	√***
sem	3.1-11	$\checkmark$	√*	√*	$\checkmark$										
lava	1.6.9	$\checkmark$			$\checkmark$										
OpenMx	2.18.1	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$									
Software															
Mplus	8.6	$\checkmark$			$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$									√*
AMOS	27	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$					$\checkmark$		√*			<b>√</b> **
EQS	6	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$											
LISREL	9.13	$\checkmark$			$\checkmark$							√*			
Onyx	1.0-1026	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$										
SAS PROC CALIS	13.1	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	√**						$\checkmark$	√*			

Table 1. Information criteria reported by current versions of SEM programs.

*Note.* AIC = Akaike Information Criterion; AICc = small sample-adjusted AIC; CAIC = consistent AIC; BIC = Bayesian Information Criterion; ssBIC = sample size-adjusted BIC; SPBIC = Scaled Unit Information Prior BIC; HBIC = Haughton's BIC; IBIC = Information matrix-based BIC; BCC = Browne-Cudeck Criterion; CENT = McDonald's Measure of Centrality; ECVI = Expected Cross-validation Index; HQC = Hannan-Quinn Information Criterion; SIC = Stochastic Information Complexity; DIC = Deviance Information Criterion. ✓: reported in default summary output.

lavaan notes:

 $\checkmark$ : included only if *fit.measures*=*TRUE* is specified.

✓\*: obtained using the *fitMeasures()* function.

 $\checkmark$ \*\*: obtained using the *moreFitIndices()* function from the *semTools* package. This function also yields BIC with specified prior sample size: "this is similar to BIC but explicitly specifying the sample size on which the prior is based."

✓\*\*\*: DIC can be obtained through use of the *fitMeasures()* function in the *blavaan* package, which is the Bayesian counterpart to *lavaan*.

sem notes:

 $\checkmark$ : obtained by specifying *fit.indices* = c(``AIC'', ``BIC'', ``AICc'', ``CAIC'') in summary command.

*OpenMx* notes:

Three versions each of AIC and BIC are reported using different penalty terms (df penalty, parameters penalty, and sample-size adjusted).

AICc is reported here as sample-size adjusted AIC.

ssBIC is reported here as sample-size adjusted BIC.

TIC can also be obtained through the *imxRobustSE()* function, but only with complete data.

Mplus notes:

✓\*: reported only if the ESTIMATOR=BAYES argument is specified.

AMOS notes:

 $\checkmark$ \*: ECVI is included along with its 90% confidence interval. MECVI is also included, which is equal to BCC/n.

 $\checkmark$ \*\*: DIC is reported only if Bayesian estimation is used.

LISREL notes:

 $\checkmark$ \*: ECVI is included along with its 90% confidence interval.

## SAS PROC CALIS notes:

 $\checkmark$ : ECVI is included with its confidence interval – default is 90%, but this can be manually set to something else.

 $\checkmark$ \*\*: BIC is referred to as SBC (Schwarz's Bayesian Criterion).

All criteria are classified as "parsimony indices" in the fit summary table.